TITLE: Validation of FHM/FIA data for predicting dogwood occurrence in conjunction with a dogwood anthracnose hazard risk rating system

LOCATION: All states within US Forest Service Regions 8 & 9

DURATION: Year 1 of 2-year project  

FUNDING SOURCE: Base

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PROJECT OBJECTIVES: The objective of this project will be to utilize Forest Health Monitoring and Forest Inventory and Analysis (FHM/FIA) data to predict Cornus florida L. (Flowering dogwood) population trends as it relates to the impacts and distribution of dogwood anthracnose (causal organism: Discula destructiva Redlin). Primary objectives will be to: 1) determine historical numbers and population structures of dogwood in eastern North America based on FIA data; 2) determine current numbers and population structures of dogwood and the relationship to site factors implicated in disease severity (including, but not limited to, site index, slope, aspect, stand age, distance to opening or stream); 3) predict future dogwood mortality based upon current population structure; 4) determine the proportion of variability of dogwood occurrence that can be explained based upon site factors thought to be important in relation to dogwood anthracnose versus tree-level FHM/FIA data collected about dogwoods such as crown position and light exposure; and, 5) validate final disease hazard risk and impact rating predictions by stratifying linear transect cruises through risk areas ranging from none-to-low-, moderate-, high-, or severe-hazard.

JUSTIFICATION: This project is proposed to address three FHM Evaluation Monitoring selection criteria for flowering dogwood: tree mortality, poor crown condition, and insects and disease. These will be addressed by FHM/FIA database mining and comparing these results to a hazard and impact rating system. The results will then be ground-truthed to resolve the regional impacts of dogwood anthracnose where dogwoods still occur across the forested landscape. The intention
of this project is to demonstrate whether data collected routinely as part of regular FHM/FIA fieldwork incorporated with existing hazard model structure is sufficient to explain historical dogwood population trends and project them into the future within known confidence intervals.

**DESCRIPTION:**

**a. Background:**

Preliminary evaluations of flowering dogwood population numbers using Mapmaker Program version 1.7 of the FIA database Retrieval System for Kentucky, Maryland, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, and West Virginia showed that dogwoods have declined by approximately 50% since the late 1980's (unpublished data). For example, the total number of flowering dogwoods one-inch in diameter and larger has declined from 938,000,000 trees in 1984 to approximately 434,000,000 trees in 2002 in North Carolina. This is of importance to landowners and forest managers because dogwood is an important shade, ornamental and wildlife tree and during the past 20 to 30 years dogwood has been suffering the impacts of dogwood anthracnose, an introduced disease caused by *Discula destructiva*. Given that the disease has been established throughout much of eastern North America during that period, it is timely and critical that the full impacts of dogwood anthracnose be determined, stand conditions where dogwoods still thrive be described to both guide management efforts and determine areas of potential disease-resistance, and the potential for future disease impacts be described based upon current impacts from dogwood anthracnose. This project proposes to address all of three of these issues by statistically and spatially within a Geographic Information System (GIS) comparing past and existing FHM/FIA dogwood data to permanently maintained dogwood anthracnose impact plot data and to current dogwood occurrence in relation to an existing dogwood anthracnose hazard and impact rating system previously developed by Forest Health Protection.

**b. Methods:**

This project is proposed to consist of three main activities:

1. First, dogwood anthracnose hazard rating and impact rating maps will be produced for eastern North America previously developed but never validated and slightly revised and updated using current GIS tools available, such as newer USGS digital elevation models.

2. The second activity will involve FHM/FIA database mining to determine past and current dogwood population trends and where dogwoods occur within the landscape in relation to crown condition and site factors.

3. The last activity will consist of linear transects to inventory dogwood number and condition in selected forested locations in areas modeled in hazard rating from none- to low-moderate-, high- and severe-hazard to dogwood anthracnose.

   FHM/FIA data will be analyzed statistically to determine the extent of variability that can be attributed to each of several site factors thought to be important to disease development, such as the database allows. FHM/FIA data will be further grouped in broad ecological units to describe the effects of dogwood anthracnose across forested ecosystems of eastern North America and the potential for impacts on forest management activities and wildlife production. All data will also be entered into a GIS system for production of maps to graphically illustrate past dogwood numbers, current dogwood numbers, hazard rating and impact rating of dogwood anthracnose, and predicted future dogwood abundance and changes.

**c. Products:**

The primary product from this project will be a description of historical changes in
dogwood, and a characterization of those changes through development of a dogwood
anthracnose risk rating model.

1. Poster to be presented at the following national FHM meeting.
2. Updated information for following Summary Report: Forest Health Monitoring
   in the South, yearly report
3. Technology transfer through presentations at meetings/training sessions such
   as the Southwide Forest Pathology Workshop
4. Updated information on dogwood anthracnose for the Forest Health
   Protection website
5. FHM ‘fact sheet’ format summary of project
6. Cooperation and technology transfer to governmental and NGO wildlife
   organizations

**d. Schedule of Activities:**

1. Winter & spring 2005: Development of a spatially-related dogwood
   anthracnose risk rating and impact rating map for all states within Forest Service Regions 8 & 9.
2. Spring 2005: Data mining of FHM/FIA databases to model past and current
   dogwood numbers in relation to key variables thought to be important to influencing disease
   development.
3. Spring & summer 2005: Field validation of hazard and impact rating map and
   FHM/FIA data via transects across forested stands representing all hazard and impact classes
   from none to severe.
   sheet, production of materials for Forest Service website(s) and future extension and training
   sessions, such as photographs and a PowerPoint slideshow summation pf project.

**e. Progress/Accomplishments:**

N/A.

**COSTS:**

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